Menu

how to trigger transitions towards more Sustainable and Healthier Diets



Study 1

Meat consumption impacts all aspects of human life and humanity's long-term survival prospects. Despite this knowledge, society continues to ignore the negative impact of consuming meat, which includes excessively high contributions to global greenhouse gas emissions, land and water pollution and depletion, negative impacts on human health and ethical challenges.



Meat, fish and eggs

Total dairy

tubers

ereals and

CONSUMPTION CONSUMPTION

🚀 Vegetables

Fruit

Legumes



In order to add knowledge on how to trigger these transitions, the current body of work aimed to analyze the way people perceive:

A way to address the health and sustainability concerns with the current food systems is to shift away from current levels of consumption of animal-sourced products, especially meat, toward an increase of plant-based foods.



**\***55% 509

Evaluate 120 animals from 12 biological categories (e.g., Ÿ S mammals, insects) in 11 dimensions (e.g., valence, arousal, A edibililty, cuteness, capacity to think, moral concern

**ANIMALS** as LIVING BEINGS





(A) the origin of meat, the animals alive, uncut, sentient

(B) animals as **meat** products, not as living animals but as food

(C) meat and alternatives to meat consumption

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Chefs

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Examining how animal categorizations (e.g., mammals; pets) and pet attachment affect animal evaluations

Study 1 and 2

Examining the role of product familiarity and animal resemblance on meat appetite

Study 3

Testing the role of presenting meat alternatives in a meal framing vs. isolated

Study 4

Method



TASK:

Evaluate 28 images (naturally varying in familiarity and animal resemblance) in familiarity, animal resemblance and appetite + free-association task ("What is the first thing you think about when you see this image?") Results X **Cluster 1** Cluster 2 high **Clusters** defined (e.g., whole (e.g., whole crocodile) by high familiarity chicken) evoked more Animal Resemblance positive valenced associations and higher appetite **Cluster 3 Cluster 4** ratings than low (e.g., (e.g., familiar clusters snake bites) burger) low Familiarity low high Both familiarity and animal resemblance were dimensions that have an independent relationship on appetite ratings. However, familiarity revealed a much larger relationship with appetite than animal resemblance.

Results

Mammals

**Arachnids** had the most had the most favorable negative attributions attributions

Women evaluated Meat animals more avoiders positively Pet owners

Men **Omnivores Meat reducers** Non owners

Provided normative ratings for a broad set of animals that can be used by researchers from different areas.

Study 4



Positive relationships with pets have the potential to develop and

expand concern for other animals

Pets as ambassadors?

Method 376 \$ 54%

Study 2

回旅游回

Evaluate pets, farmed animals, predators and pests in 11 dimensions; Pet Attachment Scale

were the most



Pets

positive Farmed and **Predators** category; Animals benefited the benefited substantially in most by pet terms of the aesthetic and attachment moral judgments by participants with pet

Pests were the least benefited; even so were ascribed higher capacity to feel and greater concern for their treatment



**MEAT and MEAT** ALTERNATIVES



Dessert 88888 With this body of work we aimed to develop more insights to inform audiences interested in promoting more sustainable, healthier, plant-based diets.

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